

GRAMATYKA	SŁOWNICTWO	CZYTANIE	TEST LUK	KULTURA	

GRAMATYKA 1

15 PKT

Zakreśl wyraźnie kółkiem literę, przy której znajduje się najlepsze rozwiązanie.

- In his diaries he claims _____ in the smuggling of arms for the insurgents.
A/ to be personally involved B/ to have been personally involved
C/ having personally been involved D/ having been personally involved
- Persons with scores around 110, deemed _____ were the largest group.
A/ with the intelligence average, B/ of the average intelligence,
C/ of average intelligence, D/ of an average intelligence,
- Some weeks after we got Jewel from the shelter, we discovered with horror she had, _____, tattoos on her ears and belly. How cruel and inhumane!
A/ of all things B/ for all things C/ out of all the things D/ for one thing
- On rare occasions when our parents went away and we were alone in the house (I may have been four or five then), my elder sisters _____ me a thimble of homemade wine.
A/ could have allowed B/ could allow
C/ would allow D/ would have allowed
- I hope the aim of this educational game is not _____ tank commanders in General Rommel's Afrika Korps.
A/ making the players wish to be
B/ to make the players wish to have been
C/ to make the players to wish they had been
D/ making the players wishing to have been
- The show, boring, vulgar and devoid _____ content, ended in complete failure.
A/ from all B/ off any C/ out of all D/ of any



7. This does not apply to Adam, as since he _____ in height in his seventh grade, he used to be the tallest boy in his form.
- A/ spurted B/ spurt C/ had spurt D/ had spurted
8. As long as you're not completely sure if the event _____, the most sensible thing to do is to check, either by mailing the organisers or calling
- A/ is held B/ won't have been cancelled
C/ won't be cancelled D/ will be held
9. The aim of this utopian educational system is to achieve perfect harmony in groups of pupils. No child will be left out when every child is equally _____ friend.
- A/ all others children B/ every other's child's
C/ every other child's D/ every other's child
10. What I'm now finding particularly infuriating is that the minister and his staff _____ a blind eye to taxpayers' money being so stupidly squandered.
- A/ are appearing to be turning B/ have appeared to turn
C/ appear to turn D/ appear to be turning
11. I'm afraid _____ the conclusions perfectly suits the laziness of many students.
- A/ having spoon-fed B/ being spoon-fed
C/ spoon-feeding of D/ spoon-feeding with
12. The term 'abnormality' should be avoided. _____ abnormal, the patient may be stigmatised for a long time.
- A/ Once will be labelled B/ Once with label
C/ Once labelled D/ Once is labelled
13. The sad reality is that _____ seems to be making a comeback.
- A/ measles, against which most children are vaccinated,
B/ measles that most children are vaccinated against,
C/ measles, that most children are vaccinated against,
D/ measles, which most children are vaccinated for,
14. We couldn't wait as the leak was getting worse _____.
- A/ at each minute B/ minute from minute
C/ within the minutes D/ by the minute
15. More stress followed when I overheard the secretary saying that in the present situation the boss might _____ us.
- A/ consider not to re-employ B/ be considering not re-employing
C/ be considering not re-employ D/ have to consider not to re-employ



GRAMATYKA 2

15 PKT

Przetłumacz na angielski. Nie należy niczego zmieniać we fragmentach już przetłumaczonych. Podpowiedzi w nawiasach nie podają dokładnej formy, w jakiej dane słowo ma wystąpić w tłumaczeniu. Słowa skreślone znikają w tłumaczeniu.

1. Zostało bardzo mało czasu, zwłaszcza, że zegarek Sandry zwykle się spóźnia pięć minut.

_____ especially that _____

2. Wybór materiałów ma podstawowe ~~znaczenie~~. Aluminiowa pokrywa będzie mniej więcej o połowę lżejsza od stalowej.

_____ is crucial. The cover _____ or less

half _____ of steel.

3. Bliźniaki są tu zaledwie od jakiegoś roku. Więc nie śmiejmy się z tego, jak przeinaczają niektóre imiona kolegów.

The twins _____ year or so. _____

_____ they mispronounce some _____

4. Im mniej słów użyje rodzic wydając polecenia, tym bardziej prawdopodobne, że dziecko posłucha.

_____ when giving instructions, _____

_____ child _____.

5. Kiedy wyszło na jaw, że FBI podsłuchuje {=LISTEN} jego telefony i czyta jego maile od chwili zwolnienia, mężczyzna zmienił taktykę procesową.

When it came up that _____

_____ his release, the man _____ trial tactics.

6. To fałszywka! Ktoś mógłby mi wytłumaczyć, czemu takie fałszywe informacje rozchodzą się {=SPREAD} tak szybko w internecie?

It's a fake! Could _____ to me why _____

news _____ the internet?

7. Spotkałem go kilkakrotnie i za każdym razem przechwalał się, że właśnie mu zaoferowano jakieś kierownicze stanowiska w korporacjach wielonarodowych. Twierdził, że odrzucił {=DECLINE} te oferty.

I met him several times _____ boasted of _____

_____ top jobs at multinational corporations. The offers he claimed

_____.

8. Jako nastolatka, Stella nie była ani wstydliwa ani bezwstydna. Więc mogło nie być dla niej problemem {=MIND}, żeby wykonać na estradzie utwór baletowy, ale z pewnością by się sprzeciwiła {=OBJECT}, żeby pokazać się w bikini.

_____ neither shy nor immodest. Thus, she _____

_____ a ballet piece on stage, but would certainly _____



9. A co ~~by było~~, gdyby nikt nigdy cię nie pytał jak się czujesz albo jakie masz plany na weekend? Czy nie sprawiłoby to, że czułabyś się samotna?

What if _____
_____ lonely?

10. Studenci, którzy uczestniczyli w protestach uniwersyteckich w latach 80-tych byli znacząco mniej bojowi {=MILITANT} niż ci z roku 1968.

_____ involved in campus _____
significantly _____ 1968.

11. Jeśli, zanim zostanie napisany {=TAKE} prawdziwy test, uczniowie będą intensywnie ćwiczyć zadania, które ten test będzie zawierał {=CONTAIN}, wyniki nic ci nie powiedzą o ich poziomie.

If, _____ real test _____
the tasks _____ test scores _____

12. Mała nie może udawać {=PRETEND}, że brzusek ją boli. Jej brat umie to bardzo dobrze robić, kiedy chce opuścić lekcje. Ale nie niemowlę. Ona mogła złapać jakiś wirus.

The baby _____ ache. Her brother _____
well, when _____ skip school. But not the baby. _____ virus.

13. Z licznych stanowisk, jakie zajmuje {=HOLD}, akurat to nie jest z powodu, kim on jest, ale z powodu tego, czym cieszy się {=ENJOY} poparciem.

Of the many _____ particular _____ because
of _____ support _____

14. Ta aukcja była sensacją, jako że prawie (almost) żaden z nielicznych portretów, które Langley namalował, nie pojawiał się na rynku.

_____ a sensation since _____
_____ on the market.

15. Dnia 21 grudnia 1945 George Patton, czterogwiazdkowy generał i bohater wojenny Ameryki, który ścigał Niemców od pustyń Płn. Afryki aż po Ren, zmarł w wojskowym szpitalu w Niemczech.

On December 21, 1945, _____
hero, who had chased _____
_____ hospital in Germany.



SŁOWNICTWO

30 PKT

W każdą z luk wpisz po jednym wyrazie. Liczba kresek odpowiada liczbie liter brakującego słowa. Nie wolno zmienić litery już podanej.

1. We are very __ a _____ to our neighbours for the helping hand when our heating system broke down.
2. The original 20-mile course was _____ t _____ to over 26 miles to conform to the standard.
3. Jackson was shot during an unsuccessful escape __ t _____ from county jail.
4. In general, the project seems OK. After some minor _____ u _____ are made, it can be put into practice.
5. The driver switched into the reverse gear and the truck started moving _____.
6. The city has a high _____ c _____ of Blacks and Hispanics.
7. Dogs reach sexual _____ u _____ before 12 months.
8. The testing of the system began in 1960 and it became fully _____ r _____ in 1966.
9. Lara was reprimanded for being _____ l _____ to customers.
10. It's a disgrace! Shortly before declaring bankruptcy, the managers __ w _____ themselves with generous bonuses.
11. They are so heavily __ d _____ that they stand no chance of ever paying off their creditors.
12. The vet picked the dog up by the __ l _____ of skin on the neck and lifted it onto the scales.
13. At that moment Ann was alone, penniless and gravely sick. No wonder she felt _____ e _____.
14. We did try to be very critical, but still could not find _____ with the project. Everything worked perfectly.
15. Criminal _____ r _____ were brought against DaSilva and six of his co-workers.
16. After the plot was discovered, the gang leaders who avoided arrest fled from the country or went into _____ d _____.
17. My fellow citizens have many fine traits, but _____ t _____ is not among them. We probably have the most littered city centre in the nation.
18. Her insolence left everyone _____ c _____ so there was silence after her words.
19. Our data clearly __ d _____ that age plays little role in this process.
20. The elderly are often eager to __ c _____ the days of their youth and to tell stories to their grandchildren.
21. In the times when the city __ w _____ was dumped untreated into the lagoon, its water simply stank.
22. The restaurant had a _____ e _____ of sauces to its food – from delicate to hot.
23. Recovering the _____ c _____ of the cruiser was not difficult as it lay in shallow waters.
24. Hauling my bags up the narrow _____ i _____ up to the 3rd floor was no easy task.
25. With aging, muscle __ s _____ becomes thinner and less elastic.
26. The French say that _____ e _____ are always in the wrong, meaning that those who don't turn up lose.
27. He was generally considered to be a _____ s _____ person whose every word could be believed.
28. The first self-propelled _____ i _____ were powered by steam.
29. Her integrity cannot be questioned. All her actions are fully _____ s _____ with the values she publicly adheres to.
30. All internal conflicts should cease and concern for national _____ t _____ should prevail.

CZYTANIE

15 PKT

W każdym punkcie zaznacz jedno z czterech zdań (A, B, C lub D) najbliższe treści poprzedzającego tekstu.

Actually, things are far worse even than this. The government has kept unemployment down by creating government jobs—non-jobs, in other words. The ranks of managers in the increasingly Sovietized Health Service (the largest employer in the country) grew 17.6 percent in the last year alone. The number of people working in the medical records department of the prison where I work recently increased from 2 to 5, with, of course, an entirely predictable decrease in efficiency—a decrease that could be remedied only by the employment of yet more staff.

A glance at the job pages of the liberal newspaper, the *Guardian*, or the *Health Service Journal*, the monthly magazine of National Health Service bureaucrats, is sufficient to demonstrate that public money is now expended on a large scale to create employment not merely of low productivity but that actively retards genuine productivity. Every week there are ads for hundreds of highly paid “facilitators” and “co-ordinators,” whose job titles convey no actual tasks to perform beyond collecting a salary. My hospital has a director of diversity, a woman of outstanding geographical and historical ignorance, who sent us a circular to say that refugees from the Congo – of whom there are now many in our area – speak Arabic and in many cases are Muslims.

Britain is fast transforming itself into a Peronist state (we had our Evita in Princess Di), where officials use government employment to manufacture political loyalty and hand out public contracts based on connections to the apparatus of power. The damage done to Argentina remains unrepaired half a century later; the long-term outlook for Britain is not much better.

1. The writer ridicules one section of the institution that employs him for...

- | | |
|----------------------|--------------------------|
| A/ poor organisation | B/ promotion of laziness |
| C/ poor efficiency | D/ ignorant personnel |

2. Many positions offered to job-seekers are...

- | | |
|--------------------------|---------------------------------|
| A/ badly labelled | B/ taken by ignorant candidates |
| C/ politically motivated | D/ completely superfluous |

3. The activity of the government can be described as ...

- | | |
|---------------------|--------------------------------|
| A/ creating fiction | B/ unfair election campaigning |
| C/ ignoring reality | D/ concealing ignorance |

4. The author ...

- | | |
|--|----------------------------------|
| A/ argues for the change of government | B/ sees more trouble ahead |
| C/ sees no way out of trouble | D/ cannot understand bureaucracy |

5. In the author's view, public funds...

- | | |
|------------------------------------|---|
| A/ are most often spent wastefully | B/ lower employees' efficiency |
| C/ are sometimes stolen | D/ often corrupt the business community |

6. In the author's opinion those to be blamed are primarily...

- | | |
|------------------------|--------------------------|
| A/ politicians | B/ the NHS bureaucrats |
| C/ editors of journals | D/ incompetent officials |



On a more material front, the trials of the Great Depression and the War resulted in a national trend toward utility over beauty. Industrialization fueled this further by promoting standardization and lower costs over uniqueness and beauty. The pursuit of quality was replaced by the pursuit of quantity. Consumerism displaced notions of restraint and replaced them with a lust to have more, and the “shop till you drop” mentality. Garages across America turned from places to preserve and maintain automobiles into storehouses for unneeded junk. Greater value was given to cheap disposable items than to that which was enduring and beautiful.

7. The text suggests...

- A/ Industry and craftsmanship have nothing in common.
- B/ Human nature is partly shaped by the man-made environment.
- C/ Mass production is naturally hostile towards handicraft.
- D/ The character can be improved through good craftsmanship.

8. The author does NOT question the fact that...

- A/ The modern man is losing the sense of beauty.
- B/ People no longer seek beautiful objects.
- C/ Industrial progress has changed aesthetic hierarchies.
- D/ Industrial progress has contributed to the growth of wealth.

9. On the basis of the text one might conclude ...

- A/ There is a basic conflict between consumerism and mental health.
- B/ Mass production contributes to the waste of resources.
- C/ Socialism is not without its positive sides.
- D/ The development of mankind has been hampered by great crises.

Zakreśl literę, przy której znajduje się jedno najlepsze rozwiązanie. Nie ma żadnego związku między treścią poszczególnych zadań.

10. It was bad enough when enlightened educators turned childhood relationships upside down _____ Indeed, boys cannot be boys with other boys anymore. The boy stereotype is too aggressive and assertive for a snowflake world.

- A/ by imprinting modern stereotypes
- B/ with their attack on “stereotypes.”
- C/ through Orwellian censorship
- D/ in the true human engineering

11. But that is the crux of the issue: “by British standards”. By British standards, it’s acceptable to transfer a 20-year-old patient from the NHS to the private sector because they miss a deadline for re-registering, _____ paying twice what everyone else does for the same treatment for the rest of their life (that happened to me in 2005, while I was on my university year abroad).

- A/ without, accidentally, mentioning the fact of
- B/ offering only a mild apology for
- C/ thereby potentially condemning them to
- D/ barely masked insolence of



12. Education becomes a matter of feelings and emotion. Everyone is encouraged to be artificially kind and inclusive. Any unequal treatment triggers feelings of resentment. _____ preparation for dealing with the real world, which is not always kind and inclusive. It becomes the stage of a fantasy world that does not correspond to reality.
- A/ And yet, nothing is more useful than an honest
B/ While fairness is a truly great virtue, it is no
C/ This feel-good educational approach discourages
D/ Coping successfully with such bad vibes is a kind of
13. A private business assessing a market that wasn't growing and in which a host of competitors (all losing money) were already on the scene would doubtless not take the plunge and would fire any consultant who recommended jumping in. _____ public officials hire the consultants, though. The officials often aren't looking for a genuinely independent assessment but just some ammunition to back them up in their efforts to get a big project built.
- A/ Things work differently when
B/ But it is much less common that
C/ But only exceptionally do
D/ It is not always wise to make
14. You can't go through thousands of papers, even with a deadline fast approaching, without looking at quite a lot of them. And it came as a shock to realise how much of my own life I had forgotten. I had thought I was blessed with a reasonably good memory, above average in fact, _____ entire chunks of my existence which had left little trace in my brain. Worse still, one realised that one's conception of oneself — as a pretty good chap, taken all in all — was far from the whole truth.
- A/ though, naturally, there might occur
B/ even if some moments like
C/ without mentioning, though,
D/ but here in black and white were
15. Putnam's study reveals that immigration and diversity not only reduce social capital between ethnic groups, but also within the groups themselves. Trust, even for members of one's own race, is lower, altruism and community cooperation rarer, friendships fewer. The problem isn't ethnic conflict or troubled racial relations, _____. Putnam writes: "In colloquial language, people living in ethnically diverse settings appear to 'hunker down' — that is, to pull in like a turtle."
- A/ they are mere symptoms
B/ still, fairly uncommon on the whole
C/ but withdrawal and isolation
D/ but what appears to lie ahead

TEST LUK

30 PKT

W każdą z luk należy wpisać po JEDNYM słowie. Wyrazy gramatyczne, takie jak "the", "a", "n't", "ve", etc są uważane za osobne wyrazy i mogą być wpisywane tylko **samodzielnie**. Jeśli podana została litera, jest to ZAWSZE trzecia litera brakującego słowa. Napisanie tego testu będzie łatwiejsze, jeśli rozpocznesz od przeczytania całego tekstu.

On either side of Scarlett, the twins lounged easily in their chairs, squinting at the sunlight through tall mint-garnished glasses as they laughed and talked, their long legs, booted to the knee and thick with saddle muscles, crossed negligently. Nineteen years old, six feet two inches tall, long of bone and hard of muscle, with sunburned faces and deep auburn hair, their eyes merry and arrogant, their bodies clothed in identical blue coats and mustard-colored breeches, they were as much alike as two bolls of cotton.

1/ ___t_____, the late afternoon sun slanted 2/ _____ in the yard, throwing into gleaming brightness the dogwood trees that 3/ _____ solid masses of white blossoms against the 4/ ___c_____ of new green. The twins' horses were hitched in the driveway, big animals, red as their 5/ ___s_____ hair; and around the horses' legs quarreled the 6/ ___c_____ of lean, nervous possum hounds that 7/ ___c_____ Stuart and Brent wherever they 8/ ___n_____. A little aloof, as became an aristocrat, 9/ ___y_____ a black-spotted carriage dog, 10/ ___z_____ on paws, patiently waiting for the boys to go home to supper.

11/ _____ the hounds and the horses 12/ _____ the twins there was a kinship 13/ ___e_____ than that of their constant companionship. They were all healthy, thoughtless young animals, sleek, graceful, high-spirited, the boys as mettlesome as the horses they rode, mettlesome and dangerous but, withal, sweet-tempered to those who knew how to handle them.

Although 14/ ___r_____ to the ease of plantation 15/ _____, waited on hand and foot 16/ _____ infancy, the faces of the 17/ ___r_____ on the porch were neither slack nor soft. They had the vigor and alertness of country people who have spent all their lives in the 18/ ___e_____ and troubled their heads very 19/ _____ with dull things in books. Life in the 20/ _____ Georgia county of Clayton was 21/ ___i_____ new and, according to the 22/ ___a_____ of Augusta, Savannah and Charleston, a little crude. 23/ _____ more sedate and older sections of the 24/ _____ looked down their 25/ _____ at the up-country Georgians, but here in north Georgia, a 26/ _____ of the niceties of classical education 27/ ___r_____ no shame, 28/ ___o_____ a man was smart in the things that mattered. And raising good cotton, riding well, shooting 29/ ___r_____, dancing lightly, squiring the ladies with elegance and carrying one's liquor 30/ _____ a gentleman were the things that mattered.

In these accomplishments the twins excelled, and they were equally outstanding in their notorious inability to learn anything contained between the covers of books. Their family had more money, more horses, more slaves than any one else in the County, but the boys had less grammar than most of their poor Cracker neighbors.

Adapted from *Gone with the Wind* by Margaret Mitchell



KULTURA

25 PKT

Wybierz poprawną odpowiedź.

1. Woodrow Wilson's Fourteen Points were announced in the...
A/ first half of 1917 B/ second half of 1917
C/ first half of 1918 D/ second half of 1918
2. The music written by Henry Purcell was...
A/ Renaissance B/ Baroque C/ Classical D/ Romantic
3. The architect Louis Henry Sullivan created most of his works in...
A/ Chicago B/ Boston C/ NYC D/ Los Angeles
4. Which of them was the first to receive the Nobel prize in literature?
A/ Pearl Buck B/ Eugene O'Neill C/ T. S. Elliot D/ Sinclair Lewis
5. The painter famous for his moralizing art was...
A/ John Constable B/ Thomas Gainsborough
C/ William Turner D/ William Hogarth
6. Ted Kaczynski is a strong believer in ...
A/ anarchism B/ post-Marxism C/ libertarianism D/ pacifism
7. The phrase "The horror! The horror!" is from...
A/ *Heart of Darkness* B/ *Nostramo*
C/ *Slaughterhouse 5* D/ *Brighton Rock*
8. Segway PT is a/an ..
A/ alternative energy corporation B/ crowdfunding platform
C/ robotics startup D/ transportation device
9. Torquay is known ...
A/ for its poetry festival B/ as a tweed making centre
C/ as a sea resort D/ for its horse racing
10. The English monarch who declared war to Nazi Germany was...
A/ George V B/ Edward VIII C/ George VI D/ Elizabeth II
11. Alan J. Pakula did not direct...
A/ *All the President's Men* B/ *Klute*
C/ *Sophie's Choice* D/ *Vertigo*
12. The US politician shot with J.F.Kennedy was...
A/ Earl Warren B/ John Connally C/ John Dulles D/ Dean Rusk



13. *Homage to Catalonia* is the work by...
A/ Graham Green B/ Ernst Hemingway
C/ Arthur Koestler D/ George Orwell
14. Robert Clive is primarily associated with...
A/ subjugating India B/ founding the Bank of England
C/ the Louisiana Purchase C/ the abolition of the slave trade
15. Which of them is NOT a state capital?
A/ Albany B/ Baton Rouge C/ Augusta D/ Wichita
16. The British Prime Minister who has also held the post of Foreign Secretary is...
A/ Gordon Brown B/ John Major
C/ Theresa May D/ David Cameron
17. *The Pilgrim's Progress* was written by...
A/ John Milton B/ John Bunyan
C/ John Donne D/ John Henry Newman
18. Which of them was NOT a *New Yorker* cartoonists?
A/ Peter Arno B/ James Thurber
C/ Saul Steinberg D/ Edward Lear
19. *Manifest Destiny* expresses a belief in the ...
A/ continental expansion of the US
B/ global liberating mission of the US
C/ US moral supremacy over the colonial powers
D/ US as a world leader in technology
20. The Crystal Palace was built in...
A/ 1820 B/ 1851 C/ 1863 D/ 1902
21. Thaddeus Kosciusko's main achievement in the War of Independence was...
A/ leading a cavalry charge B/ organising guerrilla
C/ building fortifications D/ commanding artillery
22. Thomas Hobbes was a proponent of...
A/ absolutism B/ republicanism C/ anarchism D/ socialism
23. Tiger Woods is a...
A/ swimmer B/ boxing champion C/ golfer D/ martial artist
24. The Everglades is in...
A/ Missouri B/ Florida C/ California D/ Maine
25. The NHS was established in ...
A/ 1942 B/ 1946 C/ 1948 D/ 1951