

XXXVII OLIMPIADA JĘZYKA ANGIELSKIEGO

	FINA	Ł – 15 kv	wietnia 2	2013	© Her	nryk Krzyżanowsk	zi .
	LISTENING	TRANSLATION	VOCABULARY	READING	"C" TEST	Tr .	
	LISTERING	MANUSCATION	TOCABOLANT	READING	0 1231	-	
				LISTENIN	NG	<u> </u>	
							15 PKT
1. The dinn	er was ser	ved					
A/ on the	lawn in fr	ont of the r	nansion		C/ in th	ne dining room	
B/ in a large room on the ground floo			loor		D/ in the ballroom u	pstairs	
2. How mai	ny tables w	vere laid for	r dinner?				
A/ one or	two	В	below te	n	C/ betv	ween 10 and 15	D/ over 20
3. How man	ny sources	of light we	re used dı	uring the l	blackout	?	
A/ 1	two	B/ three		C/ fou	r	D/ five	
4. How long	g was the n	nansion wi	thout elec	tricity?			
A/ 15 minutes B/ a little more than		n an hour	nn hour C/ a little less than 1.5 hours		.5 hours		
		D,	/ about 2 ł	nours			
5. What par	rt of Kingst	on was affe	ected by tl	he blacko	ut?		
A/ none	B/ onl	y the neigh	bourhood	of the ma	ansion	C/ fairly large	D/ most
6. The elect	tricians' ar	rival was b	rought ab	out by			
A/ a gove	ernment of	ficial	C/ s	ecurity p	ersonnel	l	
В/ а	a hotel mai	nager		D/ a p	rivate po	erson	
7. During tl	ne second l	olackout, th	ne Queen .				
A/ was a little upset and complained			C/ was	s slightly	upset but made no c	omplaint	

D/ withheld her reaction

B/ was slightly amused

8. When was	the country's he	ad of state elec	cted?			
A/ never	B/ about 40 ye	ears ago	C/ before 1960	D/ we don't know		
9. We may su	ppose Christiane	e's father				
A/ su	pported the Pahl	avi dynasty	C/ took	part in the revolution		
	B/ opposed th	e Pahlavis	I	D/ was neutral towards the revolution		
10. We may t	hink Christiane i	n secondary so	chool			
A/ saw lit	tle opportunity f	or herself	C/ rebel	led against her parents		
	B/ took some	part-time jobs	I	D/ was not a very bright pupil		
11. One of Ch	ristiane's sisters					
A/ pe	rsuaded her to s	tudy journalisi	m C/ made	C/ made her go to the USA		
B/ partly paid for her education			D/ chose	D/ chose the same career as Christiane		
12. How man	y educational in	stitutions that	she attended are	mentioned in the text?		
A/ on	e B/ two	C/ thr	ree I	D/ four		
13. Christian	e's talent was firs	st recognized f	or what she did			
A/ in Atla	nta B/ at tl	ne BBC	C/ in Bosnia	D/ in the Middle East		
14. The main	strength of Chris	stiane's report	ing is that it is			
A/ objecti	ve B/ live	ly	C/ unconvention	nal D/ condensed		
15. Reporting	g from Sarajevo,	Christiane				
A/ su	pported one side	!	C/ had a	lot of luck		
	B/ op	posed the US i	ntervention	D/ had politicians in mind		

	plate	intact, _	
scratc	hed	pointed	
nie widzę powo kupionego w sk	du dla którego k lepie.		ichennym, ale szczerze mó rdziej lubić masło domowo
but frankly,			
		at a foodsto	ore.
			dało się zrealizować dowo owo, problemów technicz
Two years			the court, busing
to		because of	
and, additionally,			
robionymi prze	z dwa zespoły ję:		ych nad dialektami pomor ych jeden miał dotację od
The	alects done		
dia			in
a grant from . Herbatę powinn Filiżanka śniada	o się pić z dobrej nniowa mieści wi	j filiżanki śniadaniow	vej, nie w typie płaskiej i p gim typie herbata jest zawa
a grant from dia . Herbatę powinn Filiżanka śniada pół zimna, zanin	o się pić z dobrej niowa mieści wi n jeszcze się do r	j filiżanki śniadaniow ięcej, a przy tym drug niej zabierzesz {=STA	vej, nie w typie płaskiej i pł gim typie herbata jest zaws
a grant from dia Herbatę powinn Filiżanka śniada pół zimna, zanin	o się pić z dobrej nniowa mieści wi n jeszcze się do r	j filiżanki śniadaniow ięcej, a przy tym drug niej zabierzesz {=STA	vej, nie w typie płaskiej i p gim typie herbata jest zaw .RT}.

<u> </u>	z Toma, wylano by za co: vagę, a co tak naprawdę	ś, co większość dziennikarzy potępiła jako było głupim dowcipem.
		sack for
,		
	nia, musieliśmy je zawies	na następnym zebraniu i nie podały powodów ić. Żadna nie zamierzała {=WOULD} się od
Since		at the next meeting
	their failure	, we had to
		it.
		nnego w Polsce, tysiące działaczy Solidarności zało się, że tylko mniejszość miała powrócić po
	lifting	
	activists	
	a minority _	
		jmować Sue dobre dwie godziny. Więc jeśli eba, to po prostu więcej snu
It must		all this
So if she		
Południowej A	fryki z apartheidu, tylko	gres Narodowy] zwycięzca procesu wyjścia wtedy będzie miał zaliczony {=ACHIEVE} yybory. Albo jeszcze te, które będą po nich
Paradoxically,		transition from
the apartheid,		full success only
	general election. Or	

	-,	wali cię na czymś złapać.
		use
	certaiı	in to
		umentem, tym na którym gotowa jest e, traktując to jako formę relaksu.
While	instrun	ment,
her lifetime	, she also	
form _		_
-		ch kontaktów w okolicy, aby na pewno tu zanim nie będziemy mieli takiej
some	one who	the area
to	happen	
	in the te	eam.
_		LUATE} te domy, nie wydawał się być vniono wiadomości o tym skandalu.
The estate agent		crook.
in to	otal shock	revealed.
	czne poczucie humoru Tiny, z jej dowcipy gospodarze po	, mielibyśmy {=RECEIVE} królewskie oczuli się nieswojo.
Had		
		But her jokes

1. Almost by miracie, the boys suffered no d narm in the accident.
2. This was another $__\mathbf{c}___$ day at work with people coming and going and hardly a minute to sit down and think; I need some rest
3. When the problem was discovered, all the aircraft were u for engine inspection. The flights will be resumed after the check.
4 d animals such as wolves or bears can attack livestock.
5. The crisis has undermined thed of the banking system. Depositors can no longer trust that their money is safe.
6. The company will mine the potentially rich o of iron and copper in the valley.
7. Some restaurants have doggy bags forf to be taken home.
8. Another name for euthanasia is r killing.
9. The little scar from the umbilical cord is called a belly-button or
10. In many Muslim countries, Christiann from Islam are persecuted or even murdered.
11. Stańczyk was a famous court s , whose jokes showed great depth.
12. After the death of both parents, the kids had to be taken to the h
13. Many people were appalled at the chairman's decision, generally regarded asi, capricious and lacking any rational basis.
14. The miner was the only d in the household and his death threatened to reduce the family to poverty.
15. When politicians engage in fraud with u, this sets a very bad example for the public.
16. After the scandal, Dan became a socialt; even his relatives cut all contact with him.
17. The radioactive I from the Chernobyl disaster is the likely cause of many cancer cases in Europe.
18. After more than 10 years of silence between them, the star wants to bury thet with her ex-husband and talk about a possible new song.
19. He admitted that he had resigned from public office in Chicago and went to Holywood tor his career in show business.
20. I'm afraid there must be some truth in the rumours of their divorce, as they are becoming more and more
\$
21. Most mammals are d as they move about on four feet.
22. Could you h your question? I'm afraid I don't quite understand you.
23. Greene, who had no role in it, was made thea on whom all the blame for the disaster was put.
24. The movement suffered a major b when two of the five founders withdrew.
25. In patriarchal cultures the wife is supposed to be b to her husband, i.e. to obey him in all matters.
26. Conwy Castle,w proudly over the town, is arguably the best Welsh castle of all.
27. No man is an island; froma to grave we are connected to others.
28. Two rows of chestnut trees thatr the manor made it difficult to photograph it from a distance.
29. Her hair was slightly f by the breeze, but she still looked adorable.
30. In orbit, astronauts can float in the air due to the state of

Choose the single best option:

Probably the most famous "fact" about Columbus—his insistence, against overwhelming scholastic opposition, that the world was round—was the work of a fabulist, Washington Irving, who wrote the first modern biography of the explorer. (Irving concocted the "fact" to back up his thesis that Columbus's journeys expressed a bold, proto-American rationalism.) Subsequently, Columbus was taken up by Irish and Italian immigrants, who saw his story, or what passed for it, as proof that Catholicism was no bar to patriotism. The four-hundredth anniversary of his discovery of the New World, in 1892, prompted a yearlong national celebration that included, among scores of tributes, the creation of Columbus Circle in Manhattan. In 1985, Congress established the Christopher Columbus Quincentenary Jubilee Commission, apparently assuming that the five-hundredth anniversary would proceed along similar lines.

Among the few quincentenary projects to reach a satisfactory conclusion is a twelve-volume series called, somewhat portentously, the Repertorium Columbianum. The series, produced by U.C.L.A.'s Center for Medieval and Renaissance Studies, features new English translations of the most important documents associated with Columbus's voyages, including his "Book of Prophecies," transcripts of his logs, and the earliest accounts of his arrival in the New World. Some forty scholars collaborated on the project, which took fourteen years to complete; this fall, a decade behind schedule, the twelfth volume will finally appear. The series goes a long way toward explaining, if inadvertently, why the quincentenary turned into a fiasco. In his writings, Columbus reveals that the flip side of his optimism was a casual greed and cruelty. He appears to have been dishonest with just about everyone he encountered and, most of all, with himself, as he forever tried to rationalize his idiosyncratic preconceptions. If we are, indeed, always refashioning history to suit our self-image, then what are we to make of the fact that the Columbus who emerges from the Repertorium is evidently a quack?

1. For most of the 20th century, Columbus was...

A/ being negatively reevaluated C/ largely forgotten

B/ treated with reverence D/ gradually less and less known

2. Washington Irving is shown as ...

A/ dishonest B/ ignorant C/ unpatriotic D/ religious

3. The Columbus quatercentenary...

A/ failed to achieve its goal C/ promoted nationalism

B/ contributed to historical knowledge D/ put forward Irving's ideas

- 4. The author's attitude seems to be...
 - A/ hostile towards Columbus
 - B/ patronizing towards Irving
 - C/ slightly embarrased about the truth
 - D/ rather critical towards the Repertorium Columbianum
- 5. We may suppose the text was published...

A/ around 1988 B/ in 1992 C/ between 1992 and 1998 D/ in 2002

The budget debate may seem inconclusive, but it's having pervasive effects. Choices are being made by default. Almost everything is being subordinated to protect retirees. Solicitude for government's largest constituency undermines the rest of government. This is an immensely important story almost totally ignored by the media. One reason is that it's happening spontaneously and invisibly: Growing numbers of elderly are simply collecting existing benefits. The media do not excel at covering inertia.

Liberals drive this process by treating Social Security and Medicare as sacrosanct. Do not touch a penny of benefits; these programs are by definition progressive; all recipients are deserving and needy. Only a few brave liberals complain that this dogma threatens programs for the nonaged poor.

Only the occupant of the bully pulpit can yank public opinion back to reality. This requires acknowledging that an aging America needs a new social contract: one recognizing that longer life expectancies justify gradual increases in Social Security's and Medicare's eligibility ages; one accepting that sizable numbers of well-off retirees can afford to pay more for their benefits or receive less; one that improves generational fairness by concentrating help for the elderly more on the needy and poor to lighten the burdens — in higher taxes and fewer public services — on workers; and one that limits health costs.

- 6. The media ...
 - A/ have little interest in the elderly
 - B/ act irresponsibly with regard to the elderly
 - C/ contribute to public deception
 - D/ tend to back government policy
- 7. The author does NOT criticize the...
 - A/ retired people B/ media C/ politicians D/ benefit system
- 8. Which of these statements finds support in the text?
 - A/ America spends too much on welfare.
 - B/ American politicians are too conservative.
 - C/ Americans are not interested in hearing the truth.
 - D/ The elderly are a major group of voters.
- 9. The author seems to advocate...
 - A/ raising the retirement age
 - B/ paying less to the poor
 - C/ lowering the retirement benefits
 - D/ privatizing some public services
- 10. The author seems to be concerned about the fact that...
 - A/ nothing is happening
 - B/ the overall tax burden is too heavy
 - C/ the change is too slow
 - D/ no reform is in view
- 11. The group of people who could contribute most to the solution of the problem are...
 - A/ demographers
- B/ politicians
- C/ retirees
- D/ journalists
- 12. The thing is, what with Jamie Oliver and his Turkey Twizzlers and that prig Morgan Spurlock with that Supersize Me business (if you eat any food exclusively for a month, you're going to

end up pretty sick), the is such that what people appear to be forgetting is this: while you can be a fool at one end of the market, you can also be a bloody fool at the other. Capitalism, being as wicked as it is, doesn't give a stuff who you are, and if it can exploit middle-class paranoia it will.
A/ attraction of some processed brands
B/ demonisation of 'junk' and 'fast' food
C/ marketing sophistication of food corpos
Dlack of clear-cut distinctions
13. Dealing with commercial monopolies, or monopsonies, is often not so very different from dealing with government departments, particularly in England, where the customer, far from being king, is a bloody nuisance, interrupting the public servant's daydream of next weekend's Saturday night clubbing, which as we know is the real, indeed the whole, end of human existence.
A/ benevolent though naive, never regretting the fact of
B/ pretending in his naivete to have no real qualms over
C/ whose importuning has the grossly unjust effect of
D/ forever unready to offer a gullible apology for
14. A twentysomething trying to explain to his mother why, at the frivolous end, a video of an "Auto-Tune cat" is funny, or why, at the political end, his generation is resolved that it is taboo and a stigma to oppose same-sex marriage, will have as much luck as the Hawaiian natives had with Captain Cook. There to the youth, but online communities have aggravated the differences and made the enclosed bands more chronologically narrow.
A/ must surely be ways of explaining truths alien
B/ are communication problems pertaining
C/ have always been slangs and mores local
D/ seems to be no reason to limit this
15. Once we distinguish race and culture, the way is open to acknowledge that not all cultures are equally admirable, and that To deny this is to forgo the very possibility of moral judgment, and therefore to deny the fundamental experience of community. It is precisely this that has caused the multiculturalists to hesitate. Rightly enjoying the polytheistic festivals of the Hindus, the Carnivals of Caribbean blacks, and the celebrations of the Chinese New Year, they have led us to believe that cultural difference is always an <i>addition</i> to social life, and never a threat to it.
A/ not all cultures can exist comfortably side-by-side
B/ the true dilemma is between reason and faith
C/ the texture of civil society can be broken
D/ public morality requires some compromise